THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Senate Discussion on the Subject of Retaliation.

The Fitz John Porter Bill Favored by the Senate Committee.

The House Votes an Appropriation for Greeley's Relief.

The Committees.

WASHINGTON, January 22.—The Reagan inter state commerce bill was discussed by the house committee on commerce this morning. An amendment making the bill applicable to all common carriers engaged in the transportation of property from one state to another, whether by land or water, was disagreed to.

The house committee on postoffices and post-roads has agreed to report favorably a bill fixing the rate of postage at one cent for three ounces on newspapers and periodicals sent by others, than the publisher or news agent.

The senate committee on military affairs ordered the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter reported favorably

Members of the house committee on accounts deeming it advisable to be in possession of all facts and circumstances connected with the removal or resignation of employes at the close of the last session of congress, adopted a resolution providing that the sub committee investigating the subject be empowered to send for persons, papers and the chairman to have power to administer oaths.

Senator Dawes reported favorably from the committee on Indian affairs a bill to provide agriculture lands for the southern band of Ute Indians in that part of Utah known as the Uintah reservation in lieu of lands heretofore provided for allotment to them on the La Plata river in Colorado and New Mexico.

Representative Hardeman reported favorably from the sub-committee of the house committee on territories a bill providing that no territory be admitted to the union unless it has a permanent population equal to that required.

Slocum Confident

WASHINGTON, January 23.—General Slocum will endeavor to have next Friday and Saturday in the house given up to debate of the Fitz John Porter bill. He hopes to get a vote by 4 o'clock on the latter day and expresses himself as confident that the bill will pass.

Washington Notes.

The president left Washington for New York yesterday, accompanied by Secretaries Folger and Teller. They expect to return Friday.

The secretary of the Mississippi river convention has already the names of 350 delegates, elected to attend a meeting here February 5th.

Members of the Iowa delegation in congress propose urging the appointment of Representative McCoid of that state as successor to Judge McCrary of the eighth United States circuit court.

XLVIII Congress

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 22. Cameron of Wisconsin, of the committee on Indian affairs, reported adversely a number of petitions asking the opening of Oklahoma lands for settlement.

At the conclusion of the morning business Antony's resolution relating to the prohibition of American pork by France and Germany was called up, and Beck proceeded to address the senate.

Referring to discriminations made against our commerce by France through the tariff, Beck said: Up to '81, when a modification was effected, nearly every article of American manufacture, including cotton and woolen goods, was absolutely prohibited entering the ports of France. The modification was an improvement, but still leaves American manufactures substantially prohibited, while in the case of trade of England and Germany with France their treaties, by which a general tariff of 10 per cent operates, give England and Germany so much advantage over the United States in their trade relations with France as to amount to practical prohibition, because our goods cannot compete in France with those countries. Retaliation would only have the effect to injure American commerce. Our manufacturers have been excluded for years from France. Why did we not want retaliation? Because our manufacturers were not seeking foreign markets. If we exclude French and German wines from our country it will reduce the demand in Germany for our alcohol and complaint will then be made that we can neither sell our alcohol nor our hogs. What Mr. Beck desired was thorough investigation of the whole subject of discrimination, whether by tariff or otherwise. We have by our tariffs prohibited these foreigners trading with us. They exercise a similar right, refusing to allow us to trade with them. France receives imports from the German nation, between which and herself are strong differences of national feeling, but she does this because it is for her interest to do so. There is no sentimentality indulged in such matters.

Logan did not understand that the sort of legislation referred to would be injurious to our interests. He was in favor of giving the president power to exclude foreign wines or other articles which on examination were declared injurious, on which principle France and Germany excluded our meats. The meats produced in America were the most healthful in the world and more so than those of France or Germany. In justice to ourselves we should exclude foreign adulteration while foreigners exclude our meats.

Miller of New York did not think the senate of the United States prepared now to say that we should enter upon absolute retaliatory measures. The senators should not act hastily in the consideration of this question. The senate could not at this stage of information say that the claim of the German government was not an honest one and not honestly entertained.

Logan thought congress ought to pass a general law authorizing the president of the United States to protect American interests when congress was not in session against embargoes laid on our exports by foreign countries.

Mr. Maxey observed that if we start out with retaliation we do not know where it may end. It may end on wheat or cotton. We should not assume that these foreign nations would falsify the facts in the case, and before proposing retaliatory legislation we should make sure of the facts.

The resolution was amended and agreed to as follows:

Resolved, That the committee on foreign relations be instructed to inquire into and report to the senate such legislation as shall protect our interests against those governments which have prohibited or restrained the importation of meats from the United States; and the committee is further instructed to report what discriminations made against exports from the United States by the tariff laws of the principal countries of Europe and America, especially France and Germany, Mexico and Brazil, by reason of commercial or other special treaties or agreements with more favored nations, and report the causes which led to such discrimination and what efforts, if any, have been made to remove them and what legislation, if any, is necessary to place the United States on an equal footing with most favored nations. This investigation shall not, however, delay the committee on the first branch of the resolution.

The senate took up the bill providing a civil government for Alaska; without reaching a conclusion went into executive session and adjourned

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, January 22.—Payson, of the committee on public lands, reported a bill relative to forfeiture of the Texas Pacific lands grant. House calendar. It is the bill agreed upon by the committee last night, of which a synopsis was telegraphed.

Lanham of the committee on territories reported a bill authorizing the appointment of a commission to mark the boundary line between Indian Territory and Texas. Calendar.

Cosgrove of the committee on private land claims reported a bill for the relief of Myra Clark Gaines Calendar.

The house went into committee of the whole, Cox of New York in the chair, on the Greeley relief bill.

Randall briefly explained the necessity for the expedition and said the committee thought it best not to place any limitation on the amount appropriated.

The committee rose, reported the bill to the house, which passed it.

The house proceeded to the consideration of the calendar. A bill passed providing for the holding terms of court in the western judicial district of Texas at El Paso.

The next bills on the calendar were those relative to forfeited land grants reported from the committee on judiciary for the purpose of enabling the house to pass upon the question of reference.

Cobb moved reference to the committee on public lands.

Poland argued that the committee on judiciary was the proper one to be entrusted with the bills. The courts had decided that all conditions of those land grant bills were conditions subsequent and the lands were only to be forfeited by judicial proceedings; therefore the whole question resolved itself into a judicial one.

Cobb claimed the public lands committee had jurisdiction, and in view of the resolution adopted yesterday had no doubt what reference of the bills would be given.

Cobb's motion was agreed to, 111 to 88.

The next bill was that reported by the committee on public lands relative to the Texas Pacific land grant. As the report was not printed consideration was postponed without prejudice.

A bill passed relating to recoveries for infringements of patents. It provides that no damages or profits shall be recovered from any defendant for infringements of patents when it shall appear that he merely used for his own benefit any article purchased in the open market without notice that the same was subject to patent.

Young, chairman of the committee on public buildings, reported a resolution requesting the secretary of war to remove certain documents now stored in one of the rooms of the capitol, and designating the room vacated for the use of the committee on rivers and harbors.

Young explained that if the resolution was not adopted it would become necessary to secure accommodation outside the capitol.

Willis offered a substitute designating for the use of the committee on rivers and harbors the room now occupied by enrolling clerks.

An amendment was adopted designating for the use of the committee on naval affairs the room occupied by the clerk of the house.

After a long debate the substitute as amended was adopted.

Adjourned.

One Gambler Shoots Another

CHICAGO, January 22.—Steve Alexander, a colored gambler, was shot and killed last night by John Johnson, also colored, while seated at a faro table in a gambling house on South Clark street, of which Johnson was the principal owner. Alexander had been losing money all night, and on the refusal of Johnson to allow him to bet twenty dollars on credit made an assault on him, which resulted in Johnson drawing a revolver and shooting him. Both were notorious characters among the colored gambling class. Johnson gave himself up

Prize Fight

PITTSBURG, January 22.—Jack Gest and Charles McCoy, local pugilists, fought a prize fight for $500 last night in the eastern part of the city. Seven rounds were fought, when McCoy claimed foul and as the referee refused to allow it he declined to continue the fight. Both men were badly punished.

Judge Lynch in Texas

GALVESTON, January 22. A News' Lockhart special says Sam Brown, who killed old man Martin last summer, was taken from jail last night at 12 o'clock by a mob of masked men and shot to death. He was mangled horribly.

NOT GUILTY.

Nutt Acquitted of Murder on the Ground of Insanity.

He is Held to Ascertain His Present Mental Condition.

Allison Re-Elected to the U. S. Senate from Iowa.

Not Guilty.

PITTSBURG, January 23.—At ten this morning the jury in the great Nutt trial returned a verdict of not guilty on account of insanity at the time the act was committed. As early as 7 o'clock the entrances to the court house were besieged by a crowd far exceeding in number the attendance at any day since the trial. The doors were opened at 9 o'clock and the court-room was soon filled. Promptly at 9 30 the court opened and the prisoner was escorted to seat. His countenance wore a look of most profound anxiety, now changing to one of confidence as words of encouragement were whispered into his ear; again putting on an air of despondency as a thought that the jury might perhaps find him guilty flitted across his mind. The muscles of his face twitched nervously and other movements to day indicated a mind ill at ease. The jury returned at 10 o'clock. The silence was oppressive. After the usual questions the prisoner was ordered to stand up, but was so weak that he had to be assisted to his feet. The foreman then announced a verdict of not guilty and the crowd, which with difficulty was restrained during the day, gave vent to their approval in loud cheers which an immense crowd outside took up and answered back and another cheer went up from those inside. Finally order was restored and the prisoner remanded to jail until to-morrow, when he will be examined by a committee as to his present mental condition.

The hearing as to the mental condition of Nutt will take place to-morrow. Several experts will be examined. His counsel express confidence that he will be released. The hearing is necessary to satisfy the court that he is a proper person to be at large. The law on the subject is very clear and provides that when a person is acquitted of any offense by reason of insanity and the jury should so declare the court shall order him kept in strict custody so long as such person shall be of unsound mind.

Allison's Successor

DES MOINES, January 22. The house balloted for United States senator with the following result: Allison, republican, 52; Hall, democrat, 38; Clark, greenbacker, 10. Four democrats voted with the latter, as they have but six members.

The senate ballot resulted: Allison, 31; Hall, 10; Kinne, 1. Absent, Gloss, republican.

Champion Vaughn Dead

DENVER, January 21.—The Times this evening has the following: Champion Vaughn, who was well known to former residents of Denver, died at the county hospital this morning. He was taken to the hospital four or five days ago. He was quite sick then and grew rapidly worse till this morning when he died. Mr. Vaughn was at one time quite a prominent man in Denver. He came here from Cleveland, Ohio, several years ago. He at one time held a responsible position in the editorial department of the Tribune. Afterwards he drank a good deal. He then signed a temperance pledge and was for some time one of the most ardent blue ribbon workers. But his love for strong drink was too much for him and he drifted back to his old habits. It was chiefly the effects of alcoholic drink that caused his death. The body has been removed from the hospital to the undertaking rooms of Coroner Miller, and the funeral will take place from that establishment to-morrow afternoon, probably under the auspices of the Press club. Mr. Vaughn was about forty-four years old. He was quite a bright man. In disposition he was genial, and his many good qualities made for him numerous warm friends, who will regret his sad end. Deceased's father, Judge Vaughn, of Leavenworth, Kansas, has been telegraphed of his son's death, but no answer has yet been received.

The Markets.

BOSTON, January 22.—Wool steady and unchanged.

NEW YORK, January 22.—Money 1 to 1½, closing offered 2, prime paper 4 to 5½; sterling exchange firm 4.84½, demand 4.87, governments weak and lower, railroad bonds stronger and higher, state bonds more active. There was a much better feeling in the share market this morning and advanced ¼ to 1½, Kansas & Texas and Missouri Pacific being the feature. Subsequently Northern Pacific and Oregon Transcontinental developed marked weakness and the general list declined in sympathy. In the afternoon St. Paul moved up 2¼ and Michigan Central advanced sharply to 92½. Closing quotations show an advance of ¼ to 1½ per cent compared with yesterday. Transactions 378,000

An unusually large business in mining shares was done this morning and trading was distributed over the entire list. With few exceptions prices were weak and lower. Bulwer Consolidated was a special feature and on a purchase of 4,800 shares advanced from 1.75 to 2.10. Sonora Consolidated was higher, 13; Harlem 14; Dahlonega firm, 01 to 02, Chrysolite weaker, 1.10; Bodie 9.50; Maryland Coal 11½, Sutro Tunnel 16. The activity continued in the afternoon. Bulwer advanced to 2 30, but reacted to 1 95, Amie sold 10, Harlem 13; Climax 06; Iron Silver 2.05 to 2 10, Sonora 13, Little Chief 60, Little Pittsburg 40, Tioga 49½, La Crosse 10

4s	100	4s	123⅝
Adams Express	1[illegible]	American Express	92½
C. B & Q	120¾	Erie	25[illegible]
D. & R. G	20	Preferred	68
C. P	64	Morris & Essex	123[illegible]
Missouri Pacific	70⅝	N. Y. C	112[illegible]
Northwestern	114⅝	U P	74[illegible]
Preferred	141½	Wells Fargo	110
Texas Pacific	16⅝	Quicksilver	4½
U. S Express	59	Preferred	25
W. U	73	Homestake	9¼
Little Pittsburg		Sutro	10
Ontario	20	Northern Pacific	23
South Pacific		Preferred	49⅞
Iron Silver	.20		

Fires

ST PAUL, January 22.—Three fires were burning here almost simultaneously last night. One was in Holt & Pearce's wholesale grocery, one in the Minnesota Pop Works and the other at Gross's livery stable. The aggregate loss is estimated at $150,000

CORNWALL, Ont., January 22. The Commercial hotel and a large brick block opposite containing about a dozen stores burned to-day. Loss, $85,000

MONTREAL, January 22.—The Lawrence sugar refinery burned to day. The loss is estimated at $150,000, insured

WILKESBARRE, Pa, January 22.—The Hartford breaker of the Lehigh Wilkesbarre Coal company burned this evening with many coal cars. Loss $100,000; insurance $50,000. Six hundred are out of employment.

ALBUQUERQUE, January 22.—A Journal special from Cerillos says The Ortiz hotel burned this morning. It was incendiary, the fire appearing in three places at the same moment. Loss $4,000; insured $2,500 in the Standard and Fire Association of London.

Railroad Wrecks

DAYTON, O, January 22.—An express on the Cincinnati division of the Toledo, Cincinnati & St. Louis road, consisting of two coaches, a baggage and engine, dashed off a long trestle twenty feet high near Beavertown at 5 this evening, causing a complete wreck. The accident was caused by a truck wheel of the engine breaking as the train was in the middle of the trestle, and all was hurled off in an instant, carrying away part of the trestle. There were twenty passengers on board, five of whom were injured. Engineer Henderson was buried under the engine, collar bone broken and otherwise hurt. Conductor Miller and Express Messenger Marsh were badly injured.

BUFFALO, January 23.—Two engines and a snow plow on the Nickel Plate road were derailed near Ripley to-day. A train hand was killed and another fearfully mangled.

ERIE, Pa., January 22.—At 11 o'clock today two engines and a snow plow were derailed near Ripley, New York. One man named Fred Keogh, of Conneaut, Ohio, section hand, was injured and died at 11 35 to night. Three others were seriously injured. Their names are. N L. Burton and John Damask, Conneaut, and Wm McMahon, Angola.

Railroad Officials Resigning.

GALVESTON, January 22.—George Sealy, president of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad, will resign about March 1st. John Sealy, present general manager, will be made president and will exercise supervising control of the road. The active management will be placed in the hands of Webster Snyder, who has been elected general manager. Snyder is now general manager of the Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis.

G. Clinton Gardner, general manager of the Mexican National railroad, resigns his position in order to accept the presidency of the Buffalo, Philadelphia & New York road. It is not known when it will take effect or whether his successor has been chosen.

ALBUQUERQUE, January 22.—C. R. Williams, general freight and passenger agent of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, to-day tendered his resignation, to take effect February 1st.

Honor to O'Donnell

DUBLIN, January 22.—An immense concourse of peasantry assembled to-day at Derrybeg, County Donegal, the birthplace of Patrick O'Donnell, the slayer of Carey, and assisted in the celebration of mass for the repose of the soul of O'Donnell. After mass a mock funeral was held and a coffin placed in the O'Donnell family burying plot, the people kneeling in prayer around the grave. Wreaths of immortelles were placed upon the coffin, which bore the inscription "Sacred to the memory of Patrick O'Donnell, executed in London on the 17th of December, 1883." Twenty-five pounds was subscribed to a fund to erect a monument to O'Donnell. A resolution was passed thanking Americans for assistance and Victor Hugo for advocacy of the cause of Ireland.

Money and Man Missing

NEW YORK, January 23.—Peter J. Meaney, a pool seller at race courses, is missing, and no one seems to know just where he has gone. He was under bonds to appear for sentence, he having pleaded guilty to an indictment for keeping pool rooms. It is also given out now that Meaney, as treasurer of the Iron Moulders' union, was short in his accounts $20,000. It is also said that he cannot make good the deficit, and, therefore, flight was necessary. The furniture of Meaney's palatial residence is accordingly advertised for sale.

Barn Burning.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, January 22.—The barn of Noah Blosser, near this city, was burned by incendiaries last night. Blosser lately testified in court here against a lawless gang near North Lima charged with riot. Three rioters were found guilty and their friends threatened vengeance against all witnesses who swore against the rioters. This is the third fire in this vicinity in two weeks. The citizens are holding an indignation meeting at North Lima to-day and will appoint a vigilance committee.

Curious Phenomena

NASHVILLE, January 22.—E. E. Barnard, astronomer of Vanderbilt university, reports remarkable changes in the Brooks comet on the nights of the 20th and 21st. On Sunday night the nucleus was surrounded by a faint envelope and numerous dark rifts were visible in the tail. On Monday night the tail separated into three distinct branches, showing dark sky between and rapid pulsation of light one degree back of the nucleus.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Thousands of Workers in the Iron and Glass Trades Idle.

But Signs of Prosperity in the Near Future are Noted.

The Senatorial Dead-Lock in Kentucky Still Continues.

Depression in Trade

ST LOUIS, January 22. The announcement is made that nearly all railroads, iron works, furnaces and stove foundries of this city have either closed or are running at half or less of their capacity, that all glassworks are closed and that there is great depression in all classes of building, throwing, perhaps, eight thousand men out of employment and withdrawing a very large sum of money from circulation which has heretofore been paid for wages. The reasons for this condition of affairs are variously given, as over production and dull market in the iron trade as well as the unsettled feeling respecting what congress will do on the tariff question, strikes, over-production and low prices in the glass trade, and general winter depression in building. No particular suffering among idle men is alleged, but there is a general gloom and depressed feeling bordering closely on despondency.

As a counter-statement to this and one showing at least a ray of hope in one of the important industries a letter was received here to-day from one of the largest iron houses of New York stating that there is an undercurrent of improvement in the iron market, and the public generally are beginning to recognize it, that the selling of steel rails is much firmer in price than three to six weeks ago, and sellers of pig iron claim the demand has materially increased and buyers disposed to purchase on a basis which indicates that they believe bottom prices are reached. One great iron company reports that their sales of pig iron since the first of January have been larger than the corresponding time for thirty years. In connection with this letter the president of the company receiving it said he regarded the iron trade of the country in a gratifying state, and added that there is not now more than one-tenth of a year's supply of pig iron in the entire country, which he thought a very encouraging outlook for manufacturers

The Kentucky Dead-Lock

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 22.—The senatorial situation is unchanged. The caucus met again to-night. Balloting did not show any change in the vote. A caucus will be held again on Wednesday. Balloting in joint assembly resulted in the vote being cast for thirteen persons. Carlisle received eight votes

Egyptian Affairs

SUAKIM, January 22.—Baker Pasha's negotiations with tribal chiefs have been successful. The sheiks who visited the Egyptian camp represent 38,000 men, who are willing to fight. A large body of Arabs from tribes actually with the rebels entered the camp

KHARTOUM, January 22.—A sheik living near here received a letter from El Mahdi with a number of Remington rifles. He is consequently beating the war drum. A gunboat will soon demand the rifles. If refused the sheik's villages will be burned.

Flying Fire

CINCINNATI, January 22.—A Commercial Gazette's Fort Wayne, Ind., special says. A panic was created among passengers on a Wabash train last night five miles east of here on the discovery that the smoking car was on fire. The train was at full speed. The train stopped, the car separated and entirely consumed. No one was hurt. It caught from the stove.

The Columbus Wreck

NEW BEDFORD, January 22.—The tug Nellie going to the wreck of the City of Columbus returned, the sea being so rough she could not land at Gay Head. The body of Edward F. Hutchinson, Cape Elizabeth, Maine, has been identified. Another body was identified as Augustus Pearson of Taunton.

Congressional Nomination

FORT SCOTT, Kas., January 23.—S. A. Riggs was nominated to congress in the second district by the fusionists—democrats and greenbackers—to succeed late Congressman Haskell. The candidates were Riggs, Acers and Hillaker.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Indications for Colorado—Local snows.

Produce exports at New York for the week $5,950,000.

Earl Grosvenor, son and heir of the Duke of Westminster, is dead.

Robert Kettle & Co., cotton yarn merchants of Glasgow, have failed. Liabilities £30,000.

Matthew Arnold lectured to a fair audience in Chicago last night on the subject "Numbers."

Queen Liliu and suite arrived in San Francisco yesterday on the steamer City of Papeete.

Daniel Hardy, superintendent of telegraph on the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, has resigned.

Moody and Sankey's mission at Battersea closed yesterday. The mission was a great success.

Highwaymen robbed the Wickenburg stage in Arizona last night, cut the mail bag and rifled letters

A Frenchman and a Portuguese have been arrested at Madrid on suspicion of meditating an attack upon Alfonzo

Delaney, the last of the Bisbee murderers, was delivered up by Mexican authorities and jailed at Tombstone yesterday.

The New York pool tournament closed last evening. Malone of Chicago takes first prize, $250; Frey second, $200; King third, $100

The Columbus (Ohio) Evening Times suspended publication yesterday under foreclosure of mortgage and an order for immediate sale.

Marquis Hertford, while hunting at Alcester yesterday, was thrown from his horse and kicked. His condition is precarious.

Fall River manufacturers have decided to reduce wages of mill operators February 1. It is understood the reduction will be about ten per cent

The national and Orange meetings announced to be held at Park, County Tyrone, on Thursday next have been forbidden by proclamation

Dr. Julius Rosenberg, who killed Count Stefan Batthyany in a duel in Hungary, has been condemned to two years imprisonment and to pay costs of trial.

The London Gazette publishes a treasury warrant announcing the prohibition of conveyance by the post office department of arms and ammunition to Ireland

The National Temperance society has issued an address to the national parties urging the nomination of president and vice-president favoring prohibition of the liquor traffic

The police force of Paris intend to strike, being displeased with conditions of the scheme for connecting certain branches of the police service with the ministry of the interior.

Liens amounting to $198,083 were filed against the West Shore shops at Frankfort yesterday. Work of every character in the village is stopped and the people are much depressed.

There is a total suspension of railway traffic near Collingwood. The roads have been blocked since Thursday. It is intensely cold at Quebec. An ice bridge spans the St Lawrence there

Articles of incorporation of the Union Stock Yards company at Sioux City were filed yesterday. The capital stock is $100,000. The shipping of pressed beef is included in the plan of the company.

William Spaulding, the San Pedro company's agent at the Canon del Agua mines, appeared in Albuquerque yesterday and reported that threats had been against him at San Pedro so that he had to seek safety.

Two wealthy young Brazilians at New York disputed over a money transaction, a challenge resulted and the young men intended to go to Canada. A young lady friend informed the police and the young men were arrested.

President Arthur, Secretary Teller and Secretary Folger and Clayton McMichael, U. S. marshal for the District of Columbia, arrived in New York yesterday to attend the Union League dinner Wednesday evening

The East India association of England has sent a memorial to the president of the council of India urging the desirability of extending railways in India to enable India to compete with America in the supply of wheat and seed cotton.

The grand jury found true bills against Wm. B Green, assistant commissioner of highways in Philadelphia and Alex Armstrong, contractor, for conspiracy to cheat and defraud the city by means of fraudulent bills under contract with highways department.

The Mississippi Valley Horticultural association convened in annual session at Kansas City yesterday. Sixteen states were represented. They held an evening session devoted to routine work. The convention will last several days. More delegates are expected to-day.

Pike's Peak Railroad.

Salida Daily News.

Saturday night a News representative had a pleasant half hour's talk with O. E. Henry, superintendent of construction of the railroad that is being built from Manitou to the signal station on the summit of Pike's Peak. The road, when finished, will be thirty miles long, winding around the peak in a zig-zag course passing the lakes on its way.

The estimated cost is fifty thousand dollars per mile. The rails will be furnished by the Pueblo steel works and the cars built at the Denver shops of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. Everything pertaining to the construction and equipment of the road will be manufactured in Colorado, with the exception of the locomotives. These will be built probably at some of the great locomotive works in the east.

The maximum grade of the road will be 380 feet to the mile, following closely the steepest grades in the world, that of a road in Brazil, 400 feet to the mile, and the "moon route" or Calumet branch of the D. & R. G., which is over 310 feet to the mile. The cars will be of the design and finish of the New York elevated roads. The locomotives will be furnished with two sets of brakes, one set regulating the entire train, worked by electricity, and acting quicker and more effective than the Westinghouse air brake. The other brake applies to the locomotive only, and in form is like an inverted V, being nothing more than a clamp, which in case of necessity clutches the rails and holds the locomotive, as it were, in a vice.

The rails will all be laid as far up as Crystal park, eight miles from Manitou, by May, and the road completed by the end of next summer.

The Colorado Springs Contract company, of which Professor Kerr, once state geologist, is president, is building the road, and it goes without saying that Colorado people will have reason to be proud of this feat in engineering that will carry them in an hour's time to the height of over 14,000 feet above sea level. It will be a big card for this state the day the last rail is laid and the word flashed over the wires that another monument has been raised to the skill, industry and nerve of the people of the great west.

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Per annum	$3 00	Six Months	$1 50
Three Months	1 00	One Month	25

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application at the office

JOB WORK

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. R. B. Taylor is authorized collector and collector for the Gazette Publishing company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

It will not be surprising if General Sherman should be the republican candidate for the presidency. It is only necessary for some great state to declare for him, to make him the most prominent candidate in the country.

Some of Colonel Ingersoll's hearers were much pleased with his remark that it was better to be in hell with Shelley and Voltaire than in heaven with Knox and Calvin. This tickled the vanity of a very indifferent fellow, who said he much preferred the society of Shelley and Voltaire. But a listener asked innocently if Shelley and Voltaire had expressed their preferences.

Senator Allison, who was elected by the Iowa assembly yesterday to succeed himself, is one of the most industrious men in the senate, where he now holds the important position of chairman of the committee on appropriations. He was born in 1829 and is a lawyer by profession. He served in the house of representatives from '63 to '71 and was first elected to the senate to succeed Harlan in 1873.

To Senator Frye's persistency is largely due the stopping of the open sale of liquor in the senate part of the capitol. Several senators have been in the habit of appearing in the senate half intoxicated and it was time that the disgrace should be lessened if not wiped out. A few men, however, will be dishonorable enough to take their toddy as tea in tea cups. The senate could easily prevent this by removing the keeper of the restaurant at the first offense. The republican senate has acted, it remains to be seen what a democratic house will do.

Ingersoll has excited the amateur thinkers, as he always does wherever he goes. It may be put down as a broad proposition that a man who believes in Ingersoll does not know much. His smartness only appeals to the lowest order of intellect. No really bright man was ever fooled by his hotch potch of almanac jokes about things he does not understand. He can burlesque a poem, but he cannot understand it.—[Denver Tribune

There is a great deal of truth in the above. Any well balanced, well informed man would see his special pleadings, his unfair methods and his dishonest misrepresentation.

The following interview with Mr. Chaffee has the impress of truth and will be read with interest.

Yesterday a News reporter called to obtain his views on matters of general public interest. At first Mr. Chaffee pleaded his usual excuse that the public could have no great desire to know what he thought, but being pressed to say whether the rumor that he intends to be a candidate for the United States senate in the coming election is correct, he said:

"I am a candidate for the senate, and you may say so, if you please. I did not intend to run, if Secretary Teller would seek a reelection, but when I met him in Washington he said that it was impossible for him to seek the office. I urged him to reconsider his determination and volunteered to do what I could in his interest, but he was inflexible in his purpose to stay out of the race.

"After consultation with many of my friends in this state I then resolved to become a candidate, and I am now in the field and will do my best in a straight, honorable way to be elected."

"Who do you think will be your chief opponent?"

"Hill, I suppose, or somebody selected by him."

"Can you beat him?"

"I will try."

"What do you think is the prevailing sentiment of your party in the matter?"

"Favorable to me, if I can believe what I see and hear every day. Hill has made more promises in a year than he can keep in a lifetime, and he is getting found out by new men every day. People do not like to be deceived and Hill has disgusted a great many of his former friends in this state by his two faced course."

"Has the campaign opened already?"

"I will be on hand when it does open and I will be close at hand when it closes."

"Will it be lively?"

"Yes, and deadly."

Senator elect Payne delivered on Thursday evening a lengthy address on general politics to the Ohio legislature. It was particularly distinguished for his efforts to hide the real causes for his election and to straddle most public questions. The New York Times gave this very outspoken opinion of the speech which justifies much that we have said about the corruption of the canvass. "Mr. Payne, of Ohio, having secured the senatorship, has made a speech, in order that the people may know his 'views.' Obviously, his views are of no importance as concerns the senatorship, for he has that. Nor would they have been of the slightest importance if they had been announced sooner. He was not chosen senator to carry out any ideas on public affairs. He was chosen because he suited the Standard Oil company, and because he was on that account the strongest man to beat the author of the reform bill. His present declaration, therefore, is a bid for the future. "We have not the slightest confidence in the promises and predictions of this latest democratic Mahdi. We hardly think the people will trust him. He would have done better to keep quiet and leave the democratic convention and the Standard Oil company take care of the future. The American public like a 'small' man. In the line of manipulating legislators and scenting luscious fruits, Mr. Payne has earned that title. As a statesman with 'views' he is a dead failure. His first conspicuous utterance is that of a shallow, cynical, impudent and ignorant demagogue. His low estimate of public intelligence and character betrays his own low attainment in those directions. There has been no more offensive and pitiable exhibition of political immorality, even in the democratic party, in many years, than he has made."

PERSONAL.

General Joshua L. Chamberlain is said to have recovered his health fully.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt has the reputation of being the owner of the finest wardrobe in America.

The favorite nationalist candidate for parliament for the city of Cork is Justin McCarthy, jr., son of the novelist and historian.

M. Tourguenieff's monument in Paris will consist of one solid block of granite or marble, with the simple inscription, "Tourguenieff."

President Arthur has resumed his horseback exercise every fine afternoon, and, it is said in Washington, never looked in better health.

Mrs. Dahlgren, who alluded some Washington society people in her novel, "A Washington Winter," is passing the season, not in the national capital as hitherto, but at Atlantic City.

Holloway's advertisement appeared for the first time on October 15, 1837. In 1842 his expenditure in advertising was $25,000; in 1845, $50,000, in 1851, $100,000, in 1855, 150,000, and at his death it exceeded $200,000. He found his reward.

The spy "Belle Boyd," who at the outbreak of the rebellion was 15 years of age, is the matronly wife of Col. John Hammond, of Texas, who dwells on a ranch near San Antonio. He was one of Stonewall Jackson's scouts in Virginia. She was, as may be remembered, banished to Europe. She has four children.

Claus Spreckles, the Hawaiian sugar king, is 60 years old, and is by birth a Hanoverian. He is compactly built, of medium height, with white hair, iron gray whiskers, and a florid face. He landed in South Carolina thirty years ago, without a cent, went to San Francisco and, after laying the foundation of his fortune, began his sugar investments in Hawaii.

An Ancient City Discovered

A Washington dispatch, dated January 8th, to the New York Sun says. Mr. James Stevenson, of the geographical survey, has reported to Major Powell, as one of the results of last season's field operations, the discovery of several more ruined cave and cliff cities, differing in some respects from any he had before examined. The most remarkable was a village of sixty five underground dwellings situated near the summit of one of the volcanic foothills of the San Francisco mountains, in the San Juan region of Arizona. The surface stratum of the hill had, by exposure, become hardened, and formed the common roof for the entire community. The dwellings were excavated after a common pattern, and a description of one gives an idea of the whole. They had no inter-communication beneath the surface, and were only accessible by means of square holes leading from the surface by a vertical shaft to the floor of the main room of the dwelling. Holes cut at convenient distances along the sides of the shaft served the purpose of a stairway. Descending the shaft the explorers found themselves at the side of an oval-shaped, arch-roofed room, about twenty feet in its smallest diameter. At the ends and on the side opposite the entrance low doorways connected the main room with smaller rooms, the whole suite consisting of four apartments.

A groove eighteen inches deep by fifteen in width, extending from the floor to the main room up one side of the shaft to the surface of the hill, its bottom filled with ashes and its sides blackened with smoke, formed the fireplace and chimney of the establishment. Around the mouth of the shaft a stone wall inclosed a kind of dooryard. The wall seems to have served the double purpose of guarding against snowslides and preventing the accidental fall of an inhabitant into his own or his neighbor's dwelling.

Considerable debris was found in these ancient dwellings, an exhibition of which led to the discovery of many curios, illustrating some of the social and domestic customs of the extinct race. Stone mauls and axes, the implements used in excavating the dwellings, pottery bearing a great variety of ornamentation, bone awls and needles of delicate workmanship, the family grinding stone for grain, its well-worn surface indicating long use, shell and obsidian ornaments and implements of wood, the uses of which were undiscoverable, were among the trophies of the exploration.

Search was made for a watercourse or spring, but no appearance of the existence of water in the region in recent centuries was discovered. There were signs of intercommunication between this village and a cliff city some fifteen miles distant, which is also a new discovery. The city, or, rather, cluster of villages, occupied the sides of a cañon, which has recently been christened Walnut Cañon. It is an immense fissure in the earth, with nothing above the general level of the country to indicate its existence to the traveler until he stands upon its brink. The sides have been gullied by storms and torrents, leaving shallow, cave-like places of great length at different heights, along the bottoms of which, wherever the ledge furnished a sufficient area, dwellings in groups or singly were built. The season was well advanced when the place was reached, and only little time was spent in its exploration. All the ancient methods of approach had been long before worn away, and access to the nearest of the groups of houses was a work of difficulty. The group or village which was most narrowly examined was about three-quarters of a mile in length, and consisted of a single row of houses, the common rear wall being the living rock, while the sides and fronts were made of large squared stones, laid in clay. A narrow street or pathway extended along the entire front. Other and similar villages could be seen along the canyon for a distance of five miles. Among the relics found here was a wooden spindle whirl similar to those in use by the Pueblos of the present time, but unlike them in the apparent manner of its manufacture.

Nothing indicating the use of metallic tools of any description was discovered. The surface of the wood of which the whirl was formed had apparently been charred and then ground down to the required size and shape by rubbing it upon sandstone. A shaft of reed similar to bamboo, a species entirely unknown in that region at this time, still remained in the whirl. It had been broken by the ancient workman, and neatly mended by winding about it a piece of fine twine. The ends of this twine, being examined under the microscope, disclose the fact that its fibre was of very fine human hair.

Articles of wood, corn cobs and even perfect grains of corn, walnuts, bones of the elk, antelope and wolf, portions of wearing apparel of a fabric resembling the mummy cloth of Egypt, and other articles were found in abundance in the piles of debris which partially filled these deserted homes. There were no weapons of war or works of defense, no temples or idols, and no hieroglyphics or pictures.

Rabelais

All the Year Round.

In early life Rabelais entered the Cordeliers of Coulemy le Comte in Poitou, taking, as he has observed, "the vows of ignorance still more than those of religion." In fact, the convent was the last place in the world where intelligence penetrated. Notwithstanding his uncongenial surroundings, or rather, perhaps, in consequence of them, he applied himself diligently to the study of literature of all ages and countries, and thus laid the foundation of that vast amount of erudition which has been the admiration of all his commentators. Here, too, was nurtured that hatred of monks which is no less conspicuous than his learning. As a relaxation from severe studies, he allowed himself the utmost license in respect of practical jokes directed against his brother friars, in which were displayed to their full extent that coarseness of feeling, speech, and action which is the well known characteristic of that age. Of all these jokes we need only mention the last, in which our jester most certainly had not the laugh on his side. On the fete day of the convent it was the long established custom for the peasantry to flock with their prayers and offerings to the image of Saint Francis, which was placed in a dark corner of the chapel. Our friar took the trouble to take this down from its niche and place himself there, made up, of course, to resemble it. But the absurdity of the speeches and actions of the rustic worshipers was too much for his gravity. An involuntary movement escaped him, to the awe of the adorers, who called out, "A miracle! a miracle!" In the midst of the excitement which speedily arose, an old monk, suspecting something wrong, hastened to inquire by actual inspection. The culprit was dragged down, deprived of his clothes, beaten with girdles of cords till the blood came, and finally, for the sacrilegious act, sentenced to four walls and bread and water for the rest of his days. He had, however, during his 15 years' stay, made many powerful friends outside, and through their intercession his punishment was remitted, and he was set at liberty. After this we need not be surprised to find that change of scene was deemed necessary. Abandoning the clerical life, he studied medicine, and was admitted doctor at Montpellier, where, and at Lyons, he practiced with success.

The Iroquois and Hiawatha.

Wm. F. Taylor in the Manhattan for February.

Two hundred years before the white men landed on Manhattan Island the five Indian tribes living near Cayuga and Seneca lakes had formed themselves into a league. Their laws and customs, based as they were on freedom and personal right, excited the admiration of the early Jesuit missionaries. The implements used by this people were those of the Stone Age, but their civilization was not far behind that of the nineteenth century. They were proficient in many of the household arts. They cultivated corn and planted orchards. Peaches and apples were plenty. Their houses were large, and many of them were painted. The Iroquois, though comparatively few in numbers, by their superior intelligence and organization, made their power felt from the Ocean to the Mississippi. They were the virtual rulers of the central part of North America.

The principal agent in forming this league, and thus promoting the Iroquois power, was the chief, Hiawatha. He is no myth, as the readers of Longfellow's poem might suppose. Hiawatha was a real personage. Pained as he was by the strifes existing between the neighboring tribes, he made it his life work to bring them into a confederation for the purposes of peace. He lived to complete the work upon which his heart was set. He formed a nation so strong that in after years both England and France made every effort to secure an alliance; and this alliance once formed was an important factor in determining the English supremacy in America. The work of Hiawatha sounds like a romance, but the published researches of Lewis H. Morgan and Horatio Hale show that we have not formed an exaggerated conception of the man or of the people whom he served.

HOSTETTER'S ESTABLISHED

STOMACH BITTERS

The necessity for prompt and efficient household remedies is daily growing more imperative, and of these Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the chief in merit and the most popular. Irregularity of the stomach and bowels, malarial fevers, liver complaint, debility, rheumatism and minor ailments, are thoroughly conquered by this incomparable family restorative and medicinal safeguard, and it is justly regarded as the purest and most comprehensive remedy of its class. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. dw-e-1y

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, Col., January 7, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, Colo., on February 18th, 1884, viz:

William A. Wagoner, declaratory statement No. 7,416, for the s hf, ne qr, nw qr, ne qr and ne qr, nw qr, section 4, township 11 south, range 65 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Myron W. Jones and Winfield S. Dyer, of Hugo, Colo., Anthony T. Thorn, of Denver, Colo., and Frank Tompkins, of Hugo, Colo.

MARK L. BLUNT, Register.

wa-12-6

Publication Notice.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, Colo., January 7, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to commute his homestead to a cash entry and make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, on February 18th, 1884, viz:

Winfield S. Dyer, homestead entry No. 2,053, for the s hf, se qr, nw qr, se qr and sw qr, sw qr of section 24, township 11 south, range 64 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Myron W. Jones and William A. Wagoner, of Hugo, Colo., Anthony T. Thorn, of Denver, Colo., and Frank Tompkins, of Hugo, Colo.

MARK L. BLUNT, Register.

wa-12-6

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of George A. Bosworth, deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administratrix of the estate of George A. Bosworth, late of the county of El Paso, and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, at the February term, on the last Monday in February next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 31st day of December A. D. 1883.

AGNES L. BOSWORTH, Administratrix.

wa-19-4

Manitou and Pikes Peak Railway

—IN—

COLORADO, NEW MEXICO, AND UTAH

THE NEW SCENIC ROUTE TO

UTAH, MONTANA,

AND THE

Pacific Coast,

The best route, because

THE MOST CONVENIENT, THE MOST PICTURESQUE, THE MOST DIRECT

Opening to the Ranchmen over a million acres of fertile land to the Stock Grower vast ranges yet uninhabited and to the Miner regions rich in the precious metals.

THE

Denver & Rio Grande

IS THE

FAVORITE ROUTE

FOR PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT

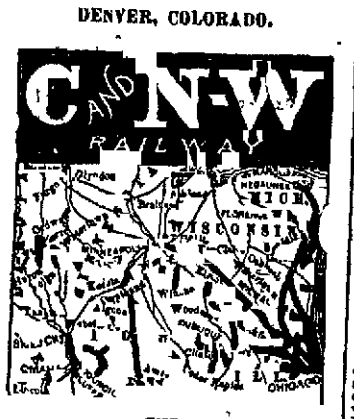
Between all the most important Cities and Mining camps in Colorado and Utah. Over 1,500 miles of Standard and Narrow Gauge, splendidly equipped and carefully managed.

THE DENVER & RIO GRANDE EXPRESS

is operated in connection with the railway, and guarantees prompt and efficient service at reasonable rates.

D. C. DODGE, General Manager. F. C. NIMS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

DENVER, COLORADO.



THE

Chicago & North-Western RAILWAY

is the OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORT, SURE and SAFE route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago North-Western and the U. P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes.

Palace Drawing Room Cars

Are run on all through trains of this road.

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

Upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

Insist upon ticket agents selling you tickets via this road. Examine your tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route.—AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this line.

GEO. D. WILLIAMSON, Traveling Agent.

W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent.

No. Windsor Hotel Block, Denver. b-1-tf

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums to Suit.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses

House of 6 rooms, N Tejon st	$40.00
4-room cottage, N Nevada ave	20.00
3 room cottage, Kiowa st	18.00
House of 6 rooms, N Weber st	40 00
House of 8 rooms, Boulder st	45 00
5-room cottage, Kiowa st	29 00
House of 9 rooms, N Nevada	50 00
House of 7 rooms, Tejon st	35 00
House of 7 rooms, Nevada ave	40 00
House of 6 rooms, Weber st	35 00
House of 6 rooms, Vermijo ave	35.00

Unfurnished Houses.

Residence of 9 rooms, Cascade ave	
House of 7 rooms, N Nevada ave	$35.00
House of 8 rooms, Wahsatch ave	10.00
House of 6 rooms, N Tejon st	25.00
House of 5 rooms, Pike's Peak ave	11.00
House of 4 rooms, Vermijo ave	5.00
House of 4 rooms, Moreno ave	5.00
House of 3 rooms, Tejon st	6.00
House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	10.00
2-room house, Nevada ave	4 00
4-room house, Cascade ave	15.00

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for Week Ending January 26th, 1884, is as follows:

FOR SALE.

5521 RANCH—245 acres of patented land, good fence, 6 room house, corrals, milk house, ample shedding, etc., 205 acres upland under ditch, 75 acres meadow, balance plow land; cuts 15 to 20 tons hay along creek every year $7,000

5511 TEJON ST—Story and a half house, on beautiful lot, in select neighborhood 4,500

6133 BARGAIN—Modern cottage in choice location, will be sold at a sacrifice, as the owner is leaving the city

5501 RANCH—600 acres, all under fence, 2-story house, milk room, barn, etc., 50 to 60 acres of rich bottom land; $4,000 worth of improvements on the place 6,500

5592 N TEJON ST—Choice lot with 5 room cottage 5,500

5411 WEBER ST—Desirable residence of 12 rooms, furnished 7,000

5454 WEBER ST. Cosy residence on one of the best improved lots in the city, fruit trees, shade trees, and a great variety of flowering shrubs 4,500

5518 PIKE'S PEAK AVE. A very pretty cottage 1,500

6142 PIKE'S PEAK AVE—Paying property; part cash, balance in trade

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE,

No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a special writ of execution fi fa and fee bill, issued out of the clerk's office of the district court of Arapahoe county and state of Colorado, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the sum of one hundred and forty and 2-100 dollars ($140.02), and costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against William L. Conant in favor of Bartoldes, Hartig & Patch, out of the lands, tenements, goods and chattels of the said William L. Conant, I have levied on the following property, to wit: One lot of groceries consisting of canned goods, teas, coffees, spices, sugars, syrups, vinegars, pickles, pig's feet, hams, bacon, lard, dried beef, dried fruits, lemon syrup and extracts, horse radish, beans (Mexican and navy), assorted nuts, lamp chimneys and wicks, stove polish and shoe blacking, silver gloss and corn starch, cider (barreled and bottled), paper and muslin bags, brooms, blueing, washboards, soaps (common and fancy), mackerel, macaroni, matches, mustard, oatmeal, barley, tapioca, pearline, Jamaica ginger, Swiss milk, salt, smoking and chewing tobacco, cigars, pipes and stems, olives, capres, mace, nutmegs, Halford and ginger sauces, axle grease, clothes lines, one Enterprise coffee mill, platform and counter scales, and grocery store fixtures generally, one tea chest, two show cases and sample case with samples, one stove and pipe, two signs, one awning with irons, one clock, one buggy shade, one oil tank, and a general assortment of goods of all kinds required to make up a stock of groceries and fixtures; also, one horse, one delivery wagon, and one harness. Which said goods will be sold by parcel or in bulk, to the best advantage. Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named William L. Conant in and to the above described property, or enough thereof to satisfy said execution, commencing on Wednesday, the 6th day of February, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the store room east end of Barton & Hodgman block, in the city of Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado.

Dated at Colorado Springs this 15th day of January, 1884.

L. C. DANA, Sheriff of El Paso county, Colo.

wa-19-3

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a special writ of execution fi fa and fee bill, issued out of the clerk's office of the district court of Arapahoe county and state of Colorado, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the sum of eighteen hundred and fifty-one 58-100 dollars ($1,851.58), and costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against William L. Conant in favor of Sprague, Warner & Co., out of the lands, tenements, goods and chattels of the said William L. Conant, I have levied on the following property, to wit: One lot of groceries, consisting of canned goods, teas, coffees, spices, sugars, syrups, vinegars, pickles, pig's feet, hams, bacon, lard, dried beef, dried fruits, lemon syrup and extracts, horse radish, beans (Mexican and navy), assorted nuts, lamp chimneys and wicks, stove polish and shoe blacking, silver gloss and corn starch, cider (barreled and bottled), paper and muslin bags, brooms, blueing, washboards, soaps (commonand fancy), mackerel, macaroni, matches, mustard, oat meal, barley, tapioca, pearline, Jamaica ginger, Swiss milk, salt, smoking and chewing tobacco, cigars, pipes and stems, olives, capres, mace, nutmegs, Halford and ginger sauce, axle grease, clothes lines, one Enterprise coffee mill, platform and counter scales and grocery store fixtures generally, one tea chest, two show cases, sample case with samples, one stove and pipe, two signs, one awning with irons, one clock, one buggy shade, one oil tank, and a general assortment of goods of all kinds required to make up a stock of groceries and fixtures, also, one horse, one delivery wagon, and one harness. Which said goods will be sold by parcel or in bulk, to the best advantage. Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named William L. Conant in and to the above described property, or enough thereof to satisfy said execution, commencing on Wednesday, the 6th day of February, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the store room east end of Barton & Hodgman block, in the city of Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado.

Dated at Colorado Springs, this 15th day of January, 1884.

L. C. DANA, Sheriff of El Paso county, Colo.

wa-19-3

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper

At the Gazette Office.

Wills & Sharpless

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

INSURANCE.

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

City and Country Property

For Sale on Easy Terms

MONEY TO LOAN

On Approved Real Estate security in sums to suit borrowers.

We Offer the Following Desirable Properties

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSES.

The Warren house, corner Nevada and Boulder, completely furnished, eleven rooms and bath room, detached laundry, and good stable.

House of 7 rooms, in large grounds on Pike's Peak avenue, facing south; per mo., $60.

The residence on Cascade avenue known as the Mellen house, with stable and large grounds, will lease for a term, either furnished or unfurnished, at a satisfactory rental.

Two furnished houses of 8 rooms each, on Boulder street, per month, $45.

Furnished house of 7 rooms on corner lot on Tejon; per mo., 25.

A small furnished house in fine neighborhood per mo., $30.

Furnished house on N. Cascade; per mo., $40.

OFFICES.

A front office on Tejon street.

Front office in Strettell block, on Pike's Peak.

RANCH.

A good hay ranch of 320 acres on yearly lease; good improvements, including a well-built and finished 8-room house.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

The Wood house of 8 rooms, facing west, opposite the College Reservation; per mo., $30.

A very desirable house of 6 rooms, with good stable, on N Weber, per mo., $25.

House of 6 rooms, bath room, etc., on St Vrain street, per mo., $30.

House of 7 rooms on Weber near Kiowa; per mo., $25.

House of 5 rooms on corner lot, on N Nevada; per mo., $20.

House of 5 rooms on 100 foot corner on North Weber, with stable, corral, etc.; per mo., $15.

The Kirk house at a moderate rental.

Brick house of 5 rooms, on Kiowa street; per mo., $20.

House of 6 rooms on Wahsatch avenue, near Pike's Peak, per mo., $15.

House of 7 rooms near Pike's Peak avenue per month, $20.

Second floors on Tejon, Huerfano and Pike's Peak ave, or will rent in part.

House of 3 rooms on Cascade; per mo., $12.

House of 5 rooms on East Kiowa; per mo., $12.

House of 5 rooms on Wahsatch, per mo., $15.

House of 3 rooms on N Nevada; per mo., $13.

House of 6 rooms on N Wahsatch.

Five rooms in a very central building on Tejon.

House of 4 rooms on S Nevada, very central, per mo., $12.

House of 4 rooms on corner lot on Cascade, very central; per mo., $15.

House of 3 rooms, corner of Costilla and Wahsatch.

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET

OPP. OPERA HOUSE.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Card under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for at our card rates.

THOMAS M. SKINNER,

Engineer and Contractor.

ROOM 104, TABOR OPERA BLOCK, Denver, Colo. Designs of machinery prepared for any special purpose. dwa-18-1m

W. A. RICHARDS

Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

OFFICE over Robinson's drug store. dwl-11 ly

JOHN CAMPBELL. J. E. McINTYRE.

CAMPBELL & McINTYRE,

Attorneys-at-Law,

ROOMS 6 and 7, Opera House. a-3-tf

MRS. S. A. STODDARD

Teacher of Piano and Organ.

REFERS BY PERMISSION to Rev. Willis Lord, D.D., and Rev. T. C. Kirkwood, D.D., of Colorado Springs, and Prof. W. H. Mellman, president of the Kansas Business college, at Leavenworth. Residence on west side Wahsatch, 5 doors south of Pike's Peak ave. m-29-1m

DR. W. L. BARTLETT,

DENTIST.

ROOMS over the post office. Business hour from 8 to 12 and 14 to 17 o'clock. f-4-1y

DR. C. F. EDWARDS,

DENTIST.

ROOMS opposite the Opera House. Engagements can be made by telephone. d-19-tf

FOWLER & PALMER,

DENTISTS.

ROOMS in Prowitt Block, Tejon street, opposite Giddings & Stillman's. f-17-tf

DR. W. N. MESERVE,

DENTIST.

UNION BLOCK. n-1-1y

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

MEAT MARKETS.

LAGRAN & NEFF'S MARKET. H. Neff & L. B. Farrar, dealers in meats, poultry, fish and game, first door south of post office. Telephone orders solicited. The only market in the city that handles fish twice a week. g-10-tf.

MULHOLLAND & CLARK,

Bauer's Old Stand, next door to the Post Office.

Bakery, Confectionery & Oysters,

Open until 10 o'clock, and later if necessary, on special occasions. m-12-6m

DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1884

MINING MATTERS

Notes Gleaned from Our Exchanges.

MINING EXAGGERATION.

Leadville Democrat.

"Our miners and prospectors should remember that it is a very hard matter to give mining news at this season of the year unless they co operate with us and assist us by calling at our office when they come to town, and let us know what they have, are now doing, or intend doing, in the mines. It is not such a difficult task to get around the hills in the summer, but with this snow on the ground it is almost an utter impossibility. Miners, whether or not you have any news, come and see us when you come to town anyhow."

Thus speaks the Tomichi Herald. Appeals like those may be read in numerous exchanges, which cover our table, in fact we see it so often that we get sick of it.

But little mining news which is brought to the printing office or editorial rooms, is reliable. All is colored and much exaggerated.

There are some mines high above timber line and where it is impossible to keep the road open, if there is more than a trail. Occasionally a miner will come down on snowshoes and his news of the progress of work may be interesting. But with such exceptions the news brought to one's office must be received with great caution. We remember the request for statistics made by a San Juan journal, asking miners to send in figures in time for the New Year's issue. This we did ourselves, but we made no estimate therefrom, but inserted the figures given in the special reports on the mines. Our statistics were based upon actual amount of bullion production, and its actual value to Colorado producers. A mining paper should make it its duty to examine from time to time all the mines of its district and keep a record of occurrences. It will then be able to judge the correctness of information brought in occasionally, and save itself thereby the annoyance of correcting misstatements. Frequently such correction is not even thought necessary, as it might affect the subscription list, and thus errors and misrepresentations accumulate until the district looks an elephant from a distance, and proves but a mouse on inspection.

RESULT OF MINING.

Mr. J. J. Valentine, vice president and general superintendent of the Wells, Fargo & Co. express, has issued his annual report of the precious and useful metals produced in states west of the Missouri river, and British Columbia, during 1883. The total value of the gold, silver, copper and lead is reported at $90,313,812, against $82,411,835 in 1882. The production of the different metals was as follows: Gold, 32.36 per cent.—$29,236,492; silver, 52.30 per cent. $47,229,649; copper, 6 30 per cent.—$5,683,921; lead, 9 04 per cent.—$8,163,550.

The sources which have contributed to the above total compare as follows with the report for 1882:

	1883.
California	$15,678,621
Nevada	8,771,314
Oregon	592,980
Washington	63,528
Alaska	105,000
Idaho	3,805,827
Montana	9,879,000
Utah	7,017,632
Colorado	25,310,000
New Mexico	3,418,618
Arizona	8,138,743
Dakota	2,823,000
Mexico, west coast	5,020,384
British Columbia	652,016
Total	$90,313,812

The product for 1883 shows a decrease from nearly all sources over the country. The only exceptions are Idaho, Montana, and the west coast of Mexico. While the state of Nevada shows a decrease of $1,591,755, the old Comstock lode is credited with an increase of $302,406. The Eureka district, however, shows a falling off of $1,410,124. Colorado exhibits a decline of $623,265. Nearly one-half the amount credited to Utah was produced by the Horn Silver. The famous Ontario mine of Utah was non-productive during a portion of the year, owing to the construction of a tunnel. The exports of silver to China and India amounted to $38,810,217.

LEADVILLE'S LEAD PRODUCTION.

Leadville Herald.

The Leadville smelters are not producing the amount of bullion at present that they were during the month of December. The decrease is due to several causes, principally a scarcity of lead ores. All the smelters are running on very low lead charges, and one of the most extensive establishments in the city is making little more than a car load of bullion per diem. The absence of lead ores is ascribed to the low prices paid by the smelters for ores running fairly well in this metal. The price paid by the smelters for the average ore is about thirty cents a unit for the lead. The lead contained in base bullion is worth on board of cars in this city thirty-seven to thirty-nine dollars per ton. Smelters claim the present prices of lead are artificial and unstable, and at present prices they are assuming great chances. The market quotations received from New York, it is alleged by the smelters, are merely nominal figures, and it is impossible to realize at the rates quoted. All offers made by refiners are far below the telegraphic quotations of the east, freight added. This fact, together with the paucity of the market and the constant danger of a decline, have had the effect of inducing smelters to move very cautiously, and restricting their purchases of lead ore for some time past. As a consequence the mines have been worked with a view to the production of dry silver ores, and at present we find a diminished production of lead ores, a scarcity of these ores among the smelters, and an inclination among both mines and smelters to avoid any large production of lead. The result is that the lead production of Leadville has decreased about 25 per cent. during the past few weeks, with no immediate prospects of a restitution of the former yield.

Another feature calculated to retard the lead production of this district, is the large percentage of refractory sulphide ores that are being reduced at the Leadville smelters. These troublesome ores have greatly reduced the capacity of the Leadville furnaces. The treatment of this class of ore, profitable to the smelters, by reason of the high charges made for reduction, is at the same time quite a loss in the gross production of the smelters. There has been scarcely a time since the advent of this ore in the Leadville market, but one or more furnaces are closed down, for the removal of the coating of zinc and sulphur which, under the best management, will eventually accumulate in a furnace, until its capacity is reduced to a minimum.

Not until a firmer and more reliable lead market is established, and additional roasting stalls for the desulphurization of the refractory ores are provided, can Leadville again hope to reach the enormous production of lead that it made during 1882 and 1883, and even with these changes it is doubtful if equally satisfactory results can be attained.

Prize Fighting

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., January 22.—Billy Brogan, of Trenton, and Walt O'Brien, of Elizabeth, fought a prize fight this morning for $200 a side. The fight was declared a draw after the sixth round. Both were badly punished. A general fight followed the announcement of the referee's decision.

Reduces the Rental

CHICAGO, January 22.—The city council, which had adopted an ordinance requiring the Inter State Exposition company to pay an annual rental of $10,000 for the ground on Lake Front, rescinded its motion last night and fixed the rental at $5,000. The Exposition company had voted to tear down the building if the ordinance should be enforced, hence the council's action has been expected all along. The national republican convention will be held in the building.

An Unsuccessful Expedition

LONDON, January 22.—The Dutch expedition sent from Padang early in December to the west coast of Achin to rescue the captive crew of twenty-five men, including one American, of the lost steamer Nisero, returned without success. The expedition destroyed several villages belonging to the rajah and his tribe.

Pallone.

The Saturday Review.

The balls used are made of leather stuffed with chopped hay, but, before the play commences, water is forced into them, so that they become as hard, and almost as heavy, as stones. Some are about the size of a tennis, others considerably larger than a cricket, ball; and which is to be used is often the most difficult point to settle in arranging a match. It is a great advantage to powerful men when the heavier balls are chosen, while those who depend on their agility and sharpness of sight rather than their muscular strength, prefer the smaller ones. In striking, an instrument is used which, for want of a better name, we may call a gauntlet. It is a piece of solid wood, hollowed out so as to admit the hand; a stout rod is left in the centre, which is firmly grasped, while two thin diagonal slips separate the first from the second, and the third from the fourth, finger. To Englishmen this may appear a very inconvenient arrangement, but it must be remembered the Italians even in fencing are accustomed to hold the rapier by the cross bar of the hilt, which they tie to the wrist. The outside of the gauntlet is fashioned into a rough semblance of the human hand, and studded over with blunt knobs of harder wood, which are fastened into the original piece. The wrist and arm are also protected by thick wooden casings, which are strapped or buckled on. It is only one hand which is "sheathed" in this anything but "glittering mail," the other is left free. In general it is of course the right that bears the burden and the honor; but, strangely enough, several of the most distinguished pallone-players have been left-handed. The regular game is played by six, there being there on each side, who are led by the battitore. Each party has also a 'a mandarino,' who gives the first ball, but takes no further part in the game. When play commences the two sides take their places at the opposite ends of the court, the battitore of the party which has the first innings mounts the trampolino, his mandarino throws, or rather feeds, the ball toward him, and he rushes down the trampolino and strikes it in the direction of his opponents with as much force and skill as he can command. If it passes the center of the court and is not returned, so that it remains lying on the other side of the cordino, he scores 15; the second time this happens, 30; the third, 40; the fourth ball finishes the game. Two games make a trampolino, and after each the parties exchange places. A match generally consists of five trampolini and one game for each side that is, of 22 games in all.

Shooting Ducks

Blackwood's Magazine.

And for the work that is to follow you would be all the better of Bruin's warm fur and blood and the "elastic fixings" on which Mr. Weller complimented Mr. Wardle's fat boy at Christmastide. To crouch or lie extended on cold boards between wind and water, with the thermometer at anything you please below the freezing point, and possibly an occasional "flash" of sleet or small icicles driven in the face, is as great a trial of patience as of pluck or strength. Patience, indeed, must be the wild-fowl shooter's watchword—the dogged patience which carried Napoleon and his veterans over the snow-heaped passes of St. Bernard, with the five-o'clock-in-the-morning-courage that Wellington praised. The wild-fowler must always be calm, self-controlled, and keenly observant. Though he might give the world to kick his cold heels or beat his frozen arms, movement of any kind may make him miss his chance; and yet he must wipe his streaming eyes with his cuff, as they sweep the watery surface and horizon to windward. To be sure, the excitement of sighting or hearing the flock is intense, when the patch that might have only been blacker water reveals a phantom-like crowd of living and gabbling creatures. And supposing the stalk to be successfully accomplished, so much depends on the adjustment of the gun, which needs skill and sharp eyesight, and long experience. The stragglers in the rear seem to have taken the alarm, and are crowding upon the main body. The flock are drawing together, there is a suspicious fluttering of pinions and lifting of heads, and the sportsman may well be flurried if he wants a sitting shot. The piece is fired, and as the smoke clears away forms may be distinguished struggling in the water; while, as the echoes of the report die down, you hear the plaintive cries of the cripples. There must necessarily be cruelty in these "family shots," where there may be many more casualties than deaths; although wild duck are so well quilted with down that probably fewer go away severely wounded than might be expected. And for the fowler, if, after protracted endurance of the cold, he can feel his legs and handle the shoulder-gun, there is nothing more piquant than the chase after cripples in the dusk.

The Oldest Clock in the World.

Boston Globe.

An old clock, probably the oldest in the world, is now in the possession of Lewis Jones, the undertaker, at No. 50 Lagrange street. It is called the "Mycall Clock," from having been brought over from London, in England, by John Mycall, who settled in Cambridge in 1740, and who about that time was editor of a Boston paper. In 1708 Mr. Mycall moved to Newburyport, and presented the clock to his intimate friend, Benjamin Dearborn, the inventor of the balance scales, if he would name his son John Mycall Dearborn. On the death of the elder Dearborn it came into the possession of the younger, who in turn gave it to his son, Robert Chase Dearborn. In 1881 it was sold at auction, when Mr. Jones became its purchaser. This antique timepiece plays eight tunes and is in perfect running order, keeping excellent time, the works being of hammered brass and the case of rare fine woods. It cost, when new, 250 guineas, or almost $1,300.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, for the week ending January 23d, 1884.

Holden, Miss Allie	McLaughlin, Mrs Emma
Cane, E	Murray, D
Cane Jane	O'Rourke, Thomas
Carlotto, Miss Laura 2	Hemenquer, Jacob
Foote, Mr & Mrs Geo W	Smart, Daniel
Hatfield, C W	Wilson, J Walter
McGinn, J P	

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "advertised letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within thirty (30 days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

E. L. PARKER, P. M

WANTED.

WANTED—A competent girl to do general housework. Inquire at this office a-22-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A good second-hand buggy and harness; also agent for the Gay Road Cart. H. S. Hayden a-10 tf

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, the house known as the Lillor house lately owned by Mr. John Finlay, on the Mesa road, just west of the Monument. For terms address box 50 or apply at the house. a-16-6*

FOR RENT—An upright piano and Mason & Hamlin organs. Apply to James Duncan. a-20-3

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Ayer, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that on Monday, the 27th day of January, A. D, 1884, being one of the regular days of the January term of the county court of El Paso county, in the state of Colorado, I, Caroline M Ayer, administratrix of said estate, will appear before the judge of said court, present my final settlement as such administratrix, pray the approval of the same, and will then apply to be discharged as such administratrix. At which time and place any person in interest may appear and present objections to the same, if any there be

CAROLINE M. AYER,
Administratrix of the estate of Charles Ayer, deceased.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colo., December 29th, 1883. m 30-td

Summons.

STATE OF COLORADO, County of El Paso. } ss.

In the county court of said county, in the state of Colorado.

Mary S. Morley, Plaintiff,
Against
Joseph F. Morley, Defendant.

The People of the State of Colorado send Greeting:

To Joseph F. Morley, defendant, above named. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the county court of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint

The said action is brought to procure a decree of this court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that on or about the first day of January, 1883, defendant, without any reasonable cause, deserted and abandoned plaintiff, and still continues so to desert and abandon plaintiff and to live separate and apart from her, without her consent and against her will, as will more fully appear by the complaint on file herein, to which reference is here made.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the county court of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, at Colorado Springs, this 8th day of January, A. D. 1884.

EDWARD F. WRIGHT, Clerk
[SEAL]

Proposals.

Public notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of El Paso county, Colorado, will receive sealed proposals, until Monday, February 4th, A. D. 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the furnishing of the necessary materials and the construction of a county building, with offices and vault room; said building to be located upon lots 31 and 32, in block 82, in the city of Colorado Springs, the building to be constructed according to the plans and specifications thereof now on file in the county clerk's office. The successful bidder will be required to give good and sufficient bonds that the contract will be undertaken and completed to the satisfaction of the Board of County Commissioners. Proposals to be directed to the undersigned as county clerk, and endorsed "Proposals for construction of county building." The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board,
E. J. EATON, County Clerk
Colorado Springs, January 12, 1884.
a-13-4tu-w-f

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, COLORADO, January 17, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the judge and ex-officio clerk of El Paso county court, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on February 26th, 1884, viz: William P Wilson, declaratory statement No. 8240, for the n hf ne qr and s hf nw qr of section 26, township 14 south, range 67 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: M A Foster, S W Barnett, Walter Bird and C E Fisher, all of Colorado Springs postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado.

Georgiana D Russell, declaratory statement No. 8214, for the w hf se qr, and e hf sw qr sec 4, tp 16s, r 67 w. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Lawrence T Gray, A E Davis, J N Jamerson and Mary B Howland, all of Colorado Springs postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado.

Mary B. Howland, declaratory statement No 8,715, for the se qr se qr sec 33, tp 14 s, r 67 w, and n hf ne qr and ne qr of nw qr sec 4, tp 15 s, r 67 w. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: W C Adamson, Georgiana D Russell, A E Davis and J N Jamerson, all of Colorado Springs postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado.

Walter M Hatch, declaratory statement No 8,696, for the se qr nw qr, ne qr sw qr, nw qr se qr and sw qr ne qr sec 33, tp 14 s, r 67 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: E H Turner, W C Adamson, A E Davis Thomas H Woods, all of Colorado Springs postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado.

John Brogan, declaratory statement No 8700, for the s hf ne qr, nw qr se qr and ne qr sw qr sec 29, tp 14 s, r 67 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J N Jamerson, E H Turner, I J Adamson and Thomas H Woods, all of Colorado Springs postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado.

wa-19-6 MARK L. BLUNT, Register.

Summons.

STATE OF COLORADO, EL PASO COUNTY, } ss

The People of the State of Colorado send Greeting.

To Eusibius La Vigne:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Frank F. La Vigne, late of said county, deceased, has been presented by Grace E. McDonald, of Colorado Springs, Colorado, to the county court of said county for probate, and the 25th day of February, 1884, has been set for hearing the application for the probate of said instrument as the last will and testament of the said Frank F. La Vigne, deceased; and whereas, it further appears from said instrument that said deceased died, seized and possessed of real estate in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, and it further appearing that you, the above named person, are heir at law of said deceased, therefore, you are hereby notified to be and appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, on the 25th day of February, 1884, then and there to attend the probate of said will before said court.

Witness E. A. Colburn, judge of said county court, and the seal thereof, at Colorado Springs, in said county, this 11th day of January, 1884.

E. A. COLBURN,
wa-19-4 County Judge.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Joseph Green, deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Joseph Green, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, at the February term, on the last Monday in February next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this second day of January, A. D. 1884.

JAMES WOOD GREEN,
wa-19-4 Administrator.

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TO THE PUBLIC:

We beg leave to announce to the public that, having completed arrangements with Messrs Chapman & Hall, Kegan Paul, Trench & Co., and Isbister & Co., of London, publishers of the FORTNIGHTLY, NINETEENTH CENTURY, and CONTEMPORARY REVIEWS, we will, on January 1, 1884, commence the reissuing of these popular publications in America. In form they will be directly modeled after the original editions, the size of page being slightly reduced, but containing the English text line for line. The prices will be kept at low figures, notwithstanding the expense of printing in such a form—being 50 per cent. less than the English editions.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES IN ADVANCE.—Any one Review, $4.50; any two Reviews, $8.50; all three Reviews, $12.00; single copies, 40 cents. Subscriptions will be received by any news or subscription agent in America at these figures, which include the cost of postage.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1884.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. Leadville mail, for Pueblo, El Moro, West Cliff, Leadville and Kansas City; arrive 11.32 a. m., depart 11.37 a. m.

" 3 Leadville express, for Pueblo, Kansas City, Leadville, Frisco, Red Cliff, Silverton and New Mexico, and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 10.37 p. m., depart 10.42 p. m.

" 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake, Ogden, San Francisco and all points west, daily, arrive 10.57 p. m., depart 11.00 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 2. Denver express, from Leadville, West Cliff, El Moro, Pueblo and Kansas City, arrive 3.45 p. m., depart 3.50 p. m.

" 4. Eastern express, from Red Cliff, Frisco, Leadville, Kansas City, Pueblo and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 3.50 a. m., depart 3.55 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Ogden, Salt Lake, Gunnison and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 5.40, p. m., depart 5.44 p. m.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9.15 a. m.	8.30 a. m.
12.05 p. m.	11.35 a. m.
5.00 p. m.	3.15 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address
J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
No. ....5.45 p. m.	No. 2.......... 9.45 a. m.

Postoffice Bulletin.

The postoffice is open daily from 7.30 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Sundays from 12 m. to 1 p. m. and from 5.00 to 6.00 p. m. Mails arrive and depart as follows:

GOING SOUTH		DEPART.
Via D. & R. G	11.12 a. m.	8.00 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.		5.25 p. m.
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N. O.	9.25 a. m	
Via D. & R. G.	3.15 p. m.	5.20 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE NORTH.		ARRIVE.
Via D. & R. G.	12.00 m.	10.40 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.		6.00 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH.		
Via D. & N. O.	10.00 a. m.	
Via D. & R. G.	8.50 a. m.	3.55-6.00 "
	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Colorado City & Manitou....	11.25 a. m. 12.00 m.	
Manitou	3.20 p. m.	3.55 p. m.

Mail for Sunview and Hatton closes Sunday at 8.00 p. m. Arrives Thursday at 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12 m., and arrives Saturday at 3 p. m.

Mr. A. F. Goodrich, formerly a resident of this city, is said to be seriously ill at Salida.

A marriage license was yesterday issued by County Clerk Eaton to Benjamin Cyrus and Miss Lizzie Johnson.

Manager Nye will play Frank Mayo for two weeks in the Colorado towns at the conclusion of his Denver engagement.

Mr. F. O. Vallie, general manager of the Colorado Telephone company, was among the arrivals at The Antlers yesterday.

Mr. S. N. Francis of the Republic Publishing company left yesterday on a two weeks visit to his home in Pennsylvania.

Mr. W. H. Montgomery has returned from a business trip to Salida. He reports the town very lively and business good.

We understand that a petition is being circulated among sheep men and very generally signed asking congress to restore the duty on wool.

Reserved seats for the Frank Mayo engagement at the opera house next Monday night will be placed on sale at Howbert Bros., Friday morning.

There will be another dime concert at the First M. E. church to-morrow night. A full programme will be given in to-morrow's issue of the Gazette.

The funeral of R. B. Coulson will take place from the M. E. church this morning at 10.30 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to be present.

A decree of divorce was yesterday granted in the county court in the case of Minerva Copeland vs. G. W. Copeland. The wife was allowed her liberty on the ground of desertion on the part of her husband.

Mr. E. P. Black, travelling freight agent of the Denver & Rio Grande, registered at The Antlers yesterday morning. He reports freight business rather dull, but no more so than usual at this season of the year.

Mr. A. S. Welch writes from Kentucky that the state has experienced one of the severest storms within its history. He says the thermometer has been down to 25 degrees below zero and he wishes himself back to Colorado.

Captain Tuttle, ex-king of the cannibal islands, has been secured to deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Christian church at Court House hall on Thursday night. Further notice will be given through the columns of the GAZETTE.

In thanking the residents of Colorado Springs for their favors, E. Ainsden begs to inform them that choice Japanese goods can be obtained at his establishment, 321 Sixteenth street, Denver, at reduced prices until the stock is closed out, which will be about the end of February.

A Sunday school institute conducted by Rev. H. P. Case will be held this week at the Congregational church, beginning Friday evening and extending through Saturday morning, afternoon and evening. The speakers and exercises will be announced later. Everybody is invited.

The preliminary examination of Officer McCabe, charged with the attempted murder of William Gaines, colored, will come up in Justice Pixley's court to-day. Gaines, the prosecuting witness, has sufficiently recovered to be able to attend to his duties and will be expected to appear in court to-day.

Mr. Chas. Noble is in from his ranch located near Big Springs. He says, that the weather so far this winter has been very favorable for the wool growers. The grazing is good and but little snow has fallen so far. On the Holcomb hills northwest of Big Springs there are several inches of snow on the ground.

Mr. August Wehrle returned from Gunnison City on the early Denver & Rio Grande train yesterday morning, bringing with him his runaway wife and child. He traced them first to Salida, thence to Gunnison City, where he overtook them. They will settle down again in their home and peace and quietude will reign for some time to come.

The Antlers arrivals: F. O. Vallie, E B Field, Denver; E J Griswold, Santa Barbara; Henry Lightman, Chicago; S M Simpson, Denver; Mark Levy, New York; F C Graves, Boston; E W Warfield, St Louis; J E Edwards, Louisville; E P Black, Ed Copland, Denver; E L Stine, New York; H Stringfellow, Pueblo; J W Armstrong, New York.

We learned from Mr. B. A. P. Eaton, the county superintendent of schools, yesterday, that the school house at Easton was entirely destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The building was a small one and with contents was only valued at between $300 and $400. At Easton the impression seems to prevail that the fire was the work of an incendiary. Another school house will soon be erected.

We are pleased to learn that the question of erecting a sanitarium in Colorado Springs is again being agitated. Capitalists in Chicago and Philadelphia are talking the matter over and with the coming of spring may conclude to invest considerable money in the enterprise. The project is certainly a very promising one and should receive the attention of local capitalists. The establishment here of a first-class sanitarium would do more to advance our interests as a health resort than anything else that could be done. Our climate, location, scenic surroundings and in fact everything, are favorable for making the enterprise a complete success.

Of Frank Mayo, who will appear in the opera house next Monday night in "Davy Crockett," the Troy, N. Y., Budget says: "The eminent actor, Mr. Frank Mayo, made his first appearance in Troy last evening before an audience that filled old Norombega to repletion. It has been well said that Mayo's "Davy Crockett" is a creation of his own, for it would be impossible to conceive a truer conception of the character of the rough, but noble-hearted backwoodsman than that which delighted the large audience last evening. The piece is one that appeals to the tender sympathies, and as presented by this company holds the closest attention of the spectator, who shares the sorrows and joys of the principals, now weeping, then laughing, as they are carried along with unabating interest through the various incidents of the play. Mr. Mayo was called before the curtain during the evening. This company have firmly established themselves as favorites here, and can rest assured of a cordial reception whenever they come this way again."

DIED.

COULSON—At Colorado Springs on the 21st, of consumption, Robert B. Coulson (formerly of Canada) aged 47 years 11 months. Funeral services at First M. E. church at 10.30 a. m. Wednesday.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

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E. C. F. KRAUSS.
January 12th, 1884. a-12-13

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